Appl. No. 08/805,813 Amdt. dated June 25, 2003 Amendment under 37 CFR 1.116 Expedited Procedure Examining Group

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-47 (canceled).

Claim 48 (currently amended): A method of conferring resistance to pathogenic fungi on a plant, the method comprising the steps of:

transforming a plant cell with an expression vector, wherein said expression vector comprises:

an expression cassette comprising a first plant promoter induced by stress operably linked to a DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a, wherein a DNA sequence encoding a signal peptide is fused and positioned between the first plant promoter and the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a; and

a second plant promoter which is constitutively expressed and positioned adjacent to the first plant promoter, and

regenerating the transformed plant cell into a transgenic plant wherein the transgenic plant has enhanced resistance to pathogenic fungi as compared to a corresponding untransformed plant.

Claim 49 (previously amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein the pathogenic fungi are *Rhizoctonia solani*, *Pythium aphanidermatum*, and *Phytophthora infestans*.

Claims 50-51 (canceled).

Claim 52 (previously amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein said expression vector further comprises a drug resistance gene operably linked to the second plant promoter.

Claim 53 (currently amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein a plant gene is fused to the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a via the a hinge region of a tobacco chitinase gene.

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Claim 54 (currently amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein a the DNA sequence encoding a the signal peptide is from a plant gene is fused to the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a.

Claim 55 (currently amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein the promoter induced by stress is the a promoter of the a tobacco PR-1a gene.

Claim 56 (currently amended): The method according to claim 52, wherein the expression cassette further comprises the <u>a</u> terminator of the <u>a</u> tobacco PR-1a gene operably linked downstream of the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a.

Claim 57 (currently amended): The method according to claim 48, wherein the second plant promoter is the a cauliflower mosaic virus 35S promoter.

Claim 58 (currently amended): A transgenic plant which is resistant to pathogenic fungi, the plant comprising an expression vector, wherein the expression vector comprises:

i)-a first expression cassette comprising a DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a operably linked to a promoter induced by stress, wherein a DNA sequence encoding a signal peptide is fused to and positioned between the promoter induced by stress and the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a; and

ii) a second expression cassette comprising a drug resistance gene operably linked to a constitutively expressed promoter,

wherein the first and second expression cassettes are positioned adjacent to each other, and wherein the transgenic plant has enhanced resistance to pathogenic fungi as compared to a corresponding untransformed plant.

Claims 59-61 (canceled).

Claim 62 (currently amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein a plant gene is fused to the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a via the a hinge region of a tobacco chitinase gene.

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Claim 63 (currently amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein a the DNA sequence encoding a the signal peptide is from a plant gene is fused to the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a in the first expression cassette.

Claim 64 (currently amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein the promoter induced by stress is the a promoter of the a tobacco PR-1a gene.

Claim 65 (currently amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein the first expression cassette further comprises the <u>a</u> terminator of the <u>a</u> tobacco PR-1a gene operably linked downstream of the DNA sequence encoding sarcotoxin 1a.

Claim 66 (currently amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein the constitutively expressed promoter is the a cauliflower mosaic virus 35 S promoter.

Claim 67 (previously amended): The plant according to claim 58, wherein the expression vector further comprises a T-DNA region.